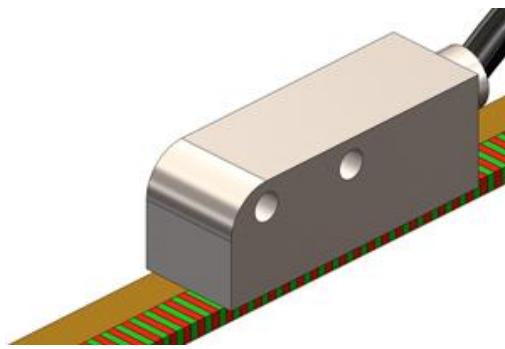


Datasheet

- small design: 12 x 13 x 35 mm
- stainless steel case
- resolution up to 0,5 µm; hysteresis $\pm 1\mu\text{m}$
- pole pitch:1; 2 mm
- output signal: Digital (TTL-RS422) or analog (1 Vpp)
- direct connection to control / display
- issue of reference and index signals
- easy installation in longitudinal or transverse position (through hole or thread M4)
- Distance Sensor - Magnetic Scale < 0,8 mm
- Movement Speed up to 20 m/s
- IP-Rating: IP67



Mechanical Data

Dimension	12 x 13 x 35 mm	
Material	Housing Cable	
Weight	Stainless Steel PUR	
Sensor	$\sim 14 \text{ g}$	
System Accuracy	max.	$\pm 5 \mu\text{m}$
	EHP1 and EHP1/90	EHP2 and EHP2/90
Resolution (TTL-Variant)	10 µm / 5 µm / 2 µm / 1 µm / 0,5 µm	10 µm / 5 µm / 2 µm / 1 µm on request
Interpolation Accuracy	typ. $\pm 1,5 \mu\text{m}$ $< \pm 2 \mu\text{m}$	typ. $\pm 3,5 \mu\text{m}$ $< \pm 4 \mu\text{m}$
Fitting Tape	PM1	PM2
Wavelength	$\lambda = 1 \text{ mm}$	$\lambda = 2 \text{ mm}$
Distance Sensor - Magnetic Scale without Cover Tape with Cover Tape	0,01 up to 0,35 mm max. 0,2 mm	0,01 up to 1,2 mm max. 1,1 mm
Movement Speed	digital analog	
	the max. Travel speed is related to the resolution and edge separation. (see table) max. 10 m/s	
Operating Temperature	-20 °C up to +80 °C	
Humidity	<90% not condensing	
Cable	8-wire cable; twisted pair and shielded	
Connector	open standard Sub-D; 9-polig optional M12; 8-polig optional further connectors on request	
Shock rating EN60068-2-27	100 g/ 6 ms	
Continuous shock EN 60068-2-29	100 g/ 2 ms	
Vibration load EN 60068-2-6	12 g, 10 ... 2.000 Hz	
IP-Rating	IP67	

* The subsequent electronics (control; display) has the edge distance of at least 120 ns (= 0,12µm) can safely count on optimal performance. (Note counting frequency of the controller!)

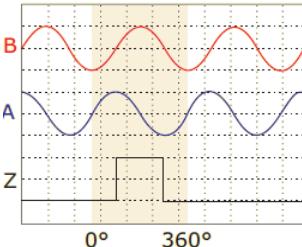
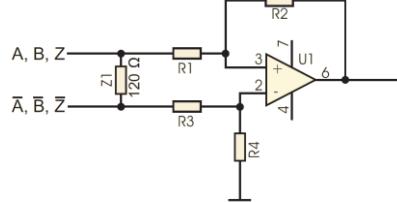
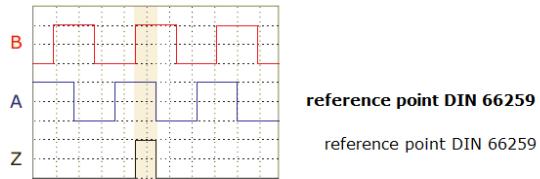
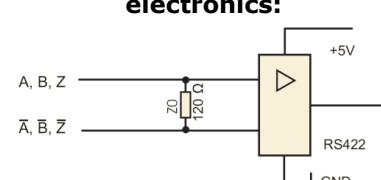
Datasheet

Electrical Data

Power Supply	5V ±5%	
Consumption (without circuitry of subsequent electronics)	typ. 35 mA max. 50 mA	
Reference Signal	without fix periodically	
Hysteresis	≤ 2 µm (distance-dependent)	
Linearity Deviation by the Evaluation	≤ ±2 µm	
External magnetic fields	< 30 mT	to permanent damage to avoid
	<1 mT	not to influence measurement
Analog (Sinus-Cousins signal)	Vpp	
Signal Level (A; B; Z)	0,6 Vpp - 1,2 Vpp typ. 1,1 Vpp	
Signal Ratio (A/B)	0,8 - 1,25	
Phase Angle	90° ±0,1° el.	
THD*	max. 0,1%	EHP1
Signal Period (A; B)	1000 µm	EHP1
	2000 µm	EHP2
Digital (Square Wave Signal)	TTL	
Signal Level	RS422	
Output	LineDriver	
Square Wave Signal	DIN 66259	
Phase Angle (A-B)	90°	
Terminator	120 Ω	
Edge Separation	the edge spacing is related to the resolution and the max. Traversing. (see table)	

* In the variant EHP1 is when using the magnetic tape measures the number Permagnet® no hysteresis (backlash) exists. Connected to the extremely small total harmonic distortion (typ. Max. 0.1%) of the signals, this allows a perfect control performance in highly dynamic Positionierprozessen (eg for direct drives).

Output Signal

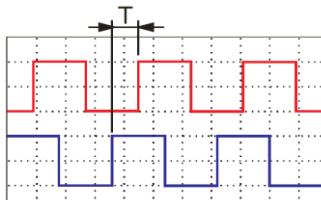
Analog (Vpp)	recommended circuitry of subsequent electronics:
	recommended circuitry of subsequent electronics: 
Digital (TTL)	recommended circuitry of subsequent electronics:
 <p>reference point DIN 66259 reference point DIN 66259</p>	recommended circuitry of subsequent electronics: 

Datasheet

Relationship between edge distance and travel speed

On the basis of two possible methods to explain the tables:

- The determination of a suitable EHPx system with an existing control.
 - **edge spacing:** min. 1 μ s (=1000 ns)
 - **speed:** max. 2 m/s
 - **pole pitch:** 1 mm (=EHP1)
 - ⇒ A glance at the table EHP1 enough and you read out of the line at **1000 ns**, the resolution **5 μ m** as the best possible resolution for this constellation.
- the determination of the required counter frequency, required for the future control.
 - **resolution:** 1 μ m
 - **speed:** max. 5 m/s
 - **pole pitch:** 1 mm (=EHP1)
 - ⇒ A glance at the table EHP1 enough and you will see that the control of a min. edge separation of **120 ns** should (about 8.3 MHz) are safe.



T is the time interval between a signal transition to the next.

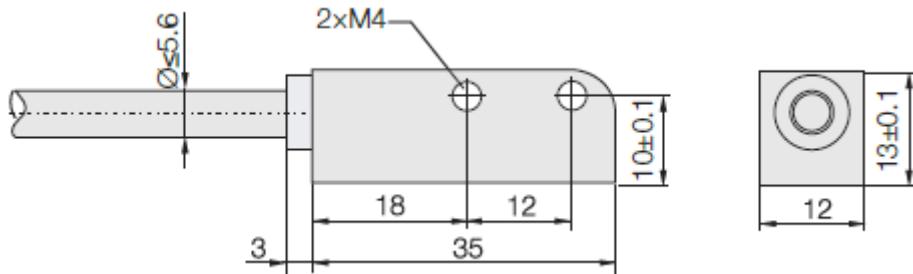
Min Edge Separation T	accord counter frequency	EHP1 + EHP1/90			
		0,5 μ m	1 μ m	5 μ m	10 μ m
0,12 μ s	120 ns	~ 8,30 MHz	2,500 m/s	5,00 m/s	10,00 m/s
0,29 μ s	290 ns	~ 3,40 MHz	1,000 m/s	2,00 m/s	10,00 m/s
0,48 μ s	480 ns	~ 2,10 MHz	0,600 m/s	1,20 m/s	6,00 m/s
0,68 μ s	680 ns	~ 1,50 MHz	0,400 m/s	0,90 m/s	4,50 m/s
0,80 μ s	800 ns	1,25 MHz	0,400 m/s	0,80 m/s	4,00 m/s
1,00 μ s	1000 ns	1,00 MHz	0,250 m/s	0,55 m/s	2,80 m/s
1,50 μ s	1500 ns	~ 670,00 KHz	0,200 m/s	0,40 m/s	2,00 m/s
2,00 μ s	2000 ns	500,00 KHz	0,150 m/s	0,30 m/s	1,50 m/s
4,00 μ s	4000 ns	250,00 KHz	0,075 m/s	0,15 m/s	0,75 m/s
10,00 μ s	10000 ns	100,00 KHz	0,030 m/s	0,06 m/s	0,30 m/s

Min Edge Separation T	accord counter frequency	EHP2 + EHP2/90			
		1 μ m	2 μ m	5 μ m	10 μ m
0,12 μ s	120 ns	~ 8,30 MHz	5,00 m/s	10,00 m/s	10,0 m/s
0,29 μ s	290 ns	~ 3,40 MHz	2,00 m/s	4,00 m/s	10,0 m/s
0,48 μ s	480 ns	~ 2,10 MHz	1,20 m/s	2,40 m/s	6,00 m/s
0,68 μ s	680 ns	~ 1,50 MHz	0,80 m/s	1,80 m/s	4,50 m/s
0,80 μ s	800 ns	1,25 MHz	0,80 m/s	1,60 m/s	4,00 m/s
1,00 μ s	1000 ns	1,00 MHz	0,50 m/s	1,20 m/s	2,80 m/s
1,50 μ s	1500 ns	~ 670,00 KHz	0,40 m/s	0,80 m/s	2,00 m/s
2,00 μ s	2000 ns	500,00 KHz	0,30 m/s	0,60 m/s	1,50 m/s
4,00 μ s	4000 ns	250,00 KHz	0,15 m/s	0,30 m/s	0,75 m/s
10,00 μ s	10000 ns	100,00 KHz	0,06 m/s	0,12 m/s	0,30 m/s

For digital models more values are available on request

Datasheet

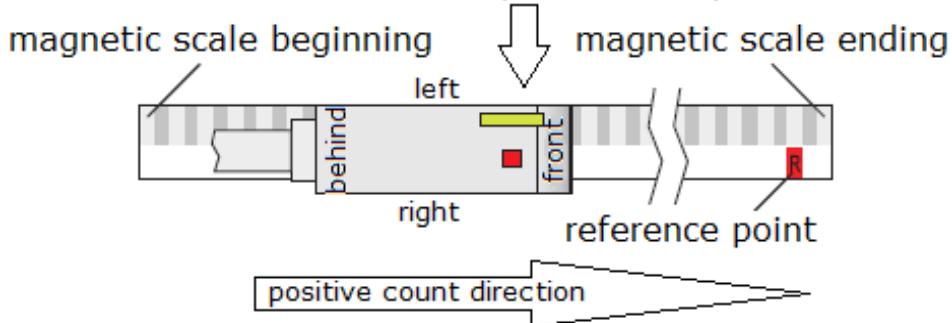
Dimensions



Mounting Position

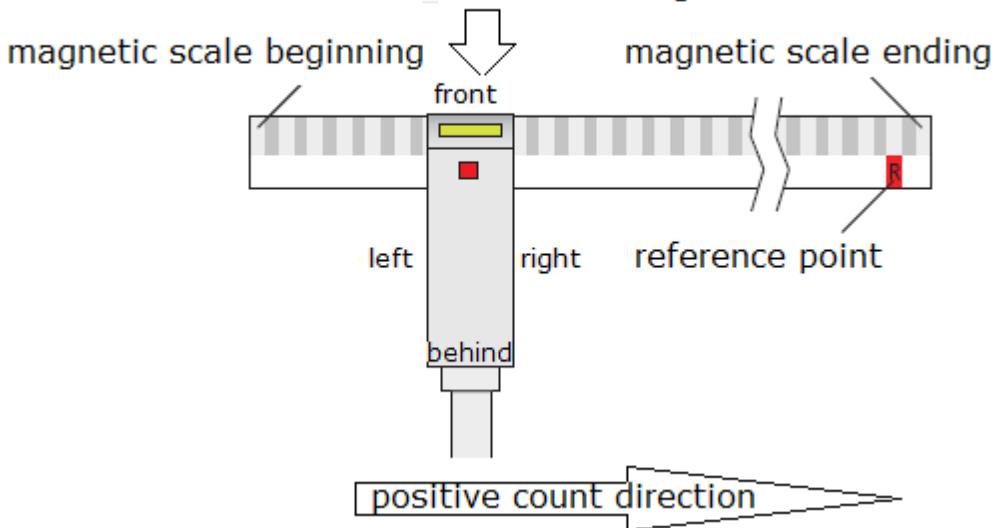
EHP

Longitudinal side of the sensor must be flush with the sides of the scale perodischen poled



EHP/90

End side of the sensor must be flush with the edge of the scale



Datasheet

Ordering Code

Type	EHP1	-	0	-	1	-	I	-	TTL	-	1,0/C08	-	5	-	120
pole Pitch															
1 / 2															
Mounting Position															
0	= 0° (along the magnetic scale)														
90	= 90°(transversely to the magnetic scale)														
Resolution [µm]*															
0,5 / 1 / 2 / 5 / 10															
Reference Signal															
S	= reference signal														
I	= reference signal periodically														
0	= without reference signal														
Output Signal															
TTL	= digital														
Vpp	= analog														
Visible Length [m]															
0,2 / 0,5 / 1,0 / 2,0 / 5,0 /															
/Connector															
C08	= M12; 8-pin														
SUBD9	= Sub-D; 9-pin														
O	= open cable														
Power Supply															
5	= 5 VDC														

Limited Edition Edge Separation [ns]**

See table

*further on request

**specify when output TTL (digital)